New mounts :

- VIBSOL®
- Cushions for pipe
 Adjustable height
 - machinery mount V47



PAULSTRA 5

METAL MOUNTINGS **VIBRACHOC RANGE**



METAL MOUNTINGS VIBRACHOC RANGE

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See current price list for availability of items.	The order comprises :
We reserve the right to modify the design and manufacture of the products and materials described in	- the contract signed by both parties, or the purchase order and the acknoledgement of receipt,
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this catalogue.	- eventualy, special or specific additional conditions,
The pictures of the products are supplied for information only.	- sale general conditions, available upon request are

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METAL MOUNTINGS VIBRACHOC RANGE

I - STEEL MOUNTINGS

VIBRACHOC have a range of all steel mountings whose essential element is the "**steel cushion**" made from woven stainless steel wire and compressed.

Steel mountings have considerable mechanical strength as well as high damping characteristics in the order of 10 to 20%, depending on the application.

ADVANTAGES

Stability. Steel mountings provide stable characteristics and the height under load remains constant with time.

Unaffected by corrosion. Steel dampers are unaffected by oil, grease, solvents, adverse weather and corrosive products.

Unaffected by temperature. Steel dampers withstand temperatures from - 70°C to 300°C without changing characteristics.

Low natural frequency. Steel mountings with springs can have natural frequencies as low as 3 Hz, which can provide up to 98% attenuation for low speed rotating machinery.



II - GENERAL INFORMATION ON VIBRATIONS AND SHOCK

PURPOSE OF AN ELASTIC SUSPENSION

An appropriate elastic mounting placed between the support and the equipment usually fulfils two functions :

- It has an important static role : it provides better load distribution by absorbing certain manufacturing tolerances, thus allowing more reliable, cheaper installation.
- It has a dynamic role : it provides protection against vibration and shock, considerably reducing the surrounding vibration and increasing the life time of the equipment isolated.

THEORY

Natural frequency

An elastic mounting is characterised by its load-deflection curve. The load produced by a mass M causes a static deflection δ (difference between the unloaded height and the height under load) and a subtangent Δ .



The Natural frequency of the suspended mass is given by the formulae

f in Hz f =
$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}}$$

K= stiffness of the mounting in $N\!/\!m$

M in kg f =
$$\frac{15.8}{\sqrt{\delta}}$$

 Δ = dynamic deflection in mm



The load-deflection curve is linear for a theoretical spring but is not necessarily linear for a mounting. The form of the curve is highly variable and depends on the design and materials of the mountings.

Natural frequency

The purpose of a mounting is to reduce the transmission of excitation forces between the suspended mass and the foundation. The degree of attenuation obtained depends firstly on the natural frequency of the mounting or, more exactly, on the ratio of fe (excitation frequency) to fn (natural frequency).

In the simplest case, that of a single degree of freedom (vertical translation), the natural frequency of the mass + isolator without damping and is written :

$$fn = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}}$$

$$fn = Hz$$

$$K = Stiffness of isolator in N.m$$

$$M = Kg$$

$$Model of an elastic mount$$

$$K = stiffness$$

$$\varepsilon = damping$$

Transmissibility is the ratio of the transmitted force fr to the excitation force fe. Examination of the curve opposite shows that :

- for fe/fn $<\sqrt{2}$ and in particular when the natural frequency of the mounting is greater than the excitation frequency, there is amplification of vibration rather than attenuation.
- This illustrates the fact that the selection of unsuitable resilient mounting makes the problem worse rather than solving it.
- for fe/fn > $\sqrt{2}$, the excitation is attenuated. This shows the advantages of using a mounting with a natural frequency (fn) as low as possible in relation to the excitation frequency (fe). The greater the difference, the higher the degree of attenuation.



Damping

Damping dissipates vibrational energy by dry or viscous friction and acts as a brake, preventing displacement of the suspended assembly.

It can be seen that :

- for fe/fn < $\sqrt{2}$, the amplification decreases with higher damping, particulary when close to resonance.

- for fe/fn > $\sqrt{2}$, attenuation improves with lower damping.

To limit amplification at resonance while achieving good attenuation, it is necessary to find a good compromise when choosing a damper.



For an efficient mounting system use :

a high value of $\frac{\omega}{\omega_0}$ \longrightarrow low value of ω_0 \longrightarrow low value of λ a high value of ε_0 \longrightarrow - limited amplification in the resonant region - minor effect in the attenuation region



Attenuation as a function of natural frequency and frequency of excitation. (A theorical graph for a mounting system without damping)

Frequency of excitation (rpm)

• Select the running speed (rpm) or frequency of excitation (Hz) of the equipment to be mounted, on the horizontal axis.

• Project a vertical line to intersect with a horizontal line which passes through the natural frequency of the mounting system selected.

• Where the two lines intersect, follow a diagonal line to find the level of isolation for the mounting system chosen.

Shocks

For impact machines like presses, forging hammers, etc, excitation is generated in the form of individual very short-time based shocks. In the same way as for vibration, where the importance of the relationship of fe to fn is paramount in determining the attenuation provided, here it is the fn/fs relationship (fn : natural frequency of the mounting - fs : shock frequency) which as to be considered.

We can deduce from these curves that :

- to obtain attenuation of a $\frac{1}{2}$ sine shock (T < 1) the fn/fs ratio must be approximately less than 0.30. Beyond this limit the excitation force is amplified. Thus for a shock lasting 0.02 second, the resonant frequency of the isolators chosen must be as low as possible and in any case must be lower tahn 7.5 Hz;
- the presence of damping between 0 and 0.5 of critical contributes to the attenuation of a shock, but this improvement is slight for fn/fs < 0.3.

The influence of the damping effect will be all the greater in the case of multi-frequency excitation where it is not always possible to select a natural frequency well away from the excitation frequencies. This is also true when searching for a compromise between shock attenuation (force transmission) and the limitation of displacement.



NATURAL FREQUENCY, fn X DURATION OF SHOCK, T (secs) - FOR ½SINE SHOCK

III - VIBRACHOC RANGE APPLICATION SECTORS

INDUSTRY :

- Vibration isolation of rotating machinery.
- Vibration isolation of machine tools.
- Seismic protection for civil engineering constructions.

MILITARY :

- Protection of on board electronics (tanks, shelters, vehicles, ships, submarines, etc.).
- Protection of inertial and other guidance systems.
- Protection of missiles and equipment on missiles.

MARINE AND NAVY :

- Suspension of engines and gun turrets.
- Protection of electronic racks.
- Noise reduction.

AERONAUTICS :

- Protection of electronic equipment.
- Frequency adapters for helicopters, etc.
- On board avionics mountings.

IV - INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS OF THE VIBRACHOC RANGE

IV.1 MACHINE TOOLS AND IMPACT MACHINERY

- Lathes, horizontal and vertical mills, tapping machines, drills, etc.
- Hydraulic and mechanical presses, shears, etc.
- High speed presses, power hammers, etc.
- Printing machinery, textile machinery, etc.

Suspension of machine tools

For example, lathes, drills, mills, planes, mortise cutters, saws, grinders, nibblers, gear cutter, borers, tapping machines, etc. The machinery is isolated actively (attenuation of the vibration generated by the machine) and passively (the machine is protected from floor vibrations).

- Vertical natural frequency between 20 and 25 Hz, provides excellent attenuation of the vibration spectrum, very effective for this type of machinery ;
- Various assembly possibilities : integral levelling, non-slip base, fitting under machinery that does not have any mounting holes, etc.

Suspension of machinery for forming materials

For example : shears, folding machines, presses for punching, stamping, pressing and embossing, machinery for making nuts, hydraulic and mechanical presses, etc.

This type of machinery operates mainly by delivering blows and the shocks generated, which are sometimes significant, have to be absorbed by dampers with both a considerable capacity and high mechanical strength. The noise propagated to the structure is also noticeably reduced.

Suspension of high speed presses

The suspension has to avoid transmitting shock to the floor while maintening the stability of the machine, particulary for automatic feed.

The dampers must be selected to avoid resonance with the machine speed :

- the machine speed may vary from 0 to 600 cycles/min ;
- if the speed is greater than 250 cycles/min, highly efficient isolation is obtained by using very low frequency mountings. An integrated damping system is usually necessary (metal pad, fluid dampers, etc.).

IV.2 ROTATING AND VIBRATING MACHINERY

- Engines, generators sets, compressors, fans, crushers, centrifuges, dryers, pumps, etc.
- Sieves, riddles, engine test benches, pipework, etc.

Suspension of well balanced rotating machines

This category includes most rotating machines, which develop free forces during operation which are quite low in comparison with their mass, such as : generator sets, air conditioning plants, most engines, fans (in clean air), compressors, pumps, etc.

The choice of mounting depends mainly on the speed of rotation of the machine and the degree of attenuation required. The natural frequency of the mounting must be low for slow rotational speed and high attenuation.

The antivibration mounting protect the machine without using an inertia mass. However, the engine should be mounted on the same chassis as the driven equipment if they are not already mounted in this way, to avoid excessive stress on the couplings.

Suspension of rotating machines with high dynamic forces

Grinders, centrifuges, dryers, certain types of reciprocating compressors, pumps, engines (with 2 or 3 cylinders), etc. may generate very high forces (such as eccentric loads, unbalanced forces or torque, start-up and short-circuit torque, etc.) during operation which may affect their stability and the various connectors and hoses. It is essential to limit the displacement of the suspended equipment by ensuring that the anti-vibration system is properly designed :

- the mountings should include dampers such as metal pads, damping fluids, etc. ;

- an inertial mass may be incorporated, but only if the damping obtained is insufficient to stabilise the equipment.

The design of the mounting system must cover all aspects and be carried out from the start of the equipment installation design to define the supporting structures accurately at a sufficiently early stage.

Consult us for particular solutions.

Passive suspension of rotating machines

Certain types of compressors are perfectly balanced and do not generate any significant vibration. However, their operation and setting are so sensitive to vibration or shock (nearby workshops, handling, etc.) that they need passive protection.

The machine should be mounted on an inertial mass suspended on mountings with springs and metal pads.

Suspension of on-board rotating machines

On board lorries, trailers, trains, road and rail vehicles, boats, etc.

In addition to active protection, the machine needs to be protected against shocks and vibrations generated by the vehicle.

"Captive" mountings are usually used. They have travel limiting stops in all directions to ensure absolute safety while the vehicle is moving.

Suspension of vibrating machinery

Suspending sieves, vibrating riddles, etc... is more complex because these machines already have elastic couplings (e.g. springs) which assist operation.

If the machine is suspended on vibration mountings, it becomes a two-stage vibration system. When designing these systems the natural frequency of the elastic couplings within the machines as well as any flexibility in the chassis have to be taken into account.

Suspending engine test benches

This type of equipment poses a special vibration problem :

- the forces generated may be very high and sudden.
- the equipment must be able to be used with engines that vary considerable in size, weight and power.

An effective solution is to use an inertia mass suspended on very low frequency mountings with adequate integral damping.

IV.3 VEHICLES

- Civil engineering plants
- Handling equipment
- Lorries
- Trailers
- Road vehicles
- Railway engines

Particular attention must be paid to elastic mountings for equipment on Civil Engineering plant and vehicles in general. The relative elasticity of the structures must often be taken into account as they can generate low or very low frequency vibration as a result of shocks arising from the work or movement.

To be effective - the elastic mounting - must, therefore, be carefully designed.

The following examples, in particular for cabs, seats and equipment, are given for illustration only. The right solution may vary considerably from one machine to another.

Suspension of propulsion systems

The problem here is to minimise the vibration and noise generated by the engine through the structure of the vehicle (structure borne).

The disturbing frequencies vary from 10 to 100 Hz (and harmonics) for engines and 120 to 400 Hz for gear boxes.

The damping system should usually have :

- a low (isometric) resonant frequency (if possible 6-8 Hz) ;
- a limited displacement under extreme forces (system with very progressive siffness) ;
- considerable low frequency damping and as low as possible above 100 Hz.

IV.4 MARINE-OFFSHORE

The vibration and noise on board ships is generated by :

- the system of propulsion: the alternating hydro-dynamic forces generated by the propellors pass through the hull, usually creating low frequency vibration ;
- the main engines and auxiliary engines which transmit vibrations to the hull via the structure : the spectrum is usually in the 15-50 Hz region ;
- the exhausts : spectrum 16-8000 Hz ;
- the effects of the sea: swell, heavy seas, wind ;
- accidental shocks against the quays.

Regulations have been drawn up to protect the crews, passengers and equipment from discomfort caused by shocks and noise.

The VIBRACHOC range provides a comprehensive selection of means for complying with the standards and regulations for vibration and noise on ships (ask us for details).

Suspension of main engines and auxiliary engines

The main engines and auxiliary engines transmit vibrations to the structure of the ship. They also emit noise :

- directly into the air ;
- indirectly, as the structures linked rigidly to the engine themselves become sources of transmitted noise.

Mountings (dampers) at strategic places between the engine and the structure **significantly reduce the structure borne vibration and noise**.

Many parameters are required for calculating the suspension required for marine engines: the rotation speed of the engine, the number of cylinders, the number of blades on the propeller, the natural frequency of the hull, the elastic coupling characteristics, the roll, the pitch and the maximum permitted forces. The technical service of Paulstra, Vibrachoc and Stop-Choc has several computer calculation programmes to define the most suitable suspension.

An extensive range of all metal or elastomer based dampers is available for mounting all kinds of engines :

- diesel engines of all sizes for merchant ships, war ships or pleasure boats ;
- auxiliary engines, generators, pumps, compressors, windlasses, etc.

Suspending exhaust pipes

The turbulent gases circulating in exhaust pipes are a source of vibration and noise. Using elastic mountings to anchor exhaust pipes from diesel engines has the advantages of :

- reducing the vibrations transmitted to the structure of the ship;
- attenuating the global noise in areas near the funnels, by between 5 and 20 dB (A) ;
- eliminating expansion compensators, as the mounting allows free expansion of the ducts ;
- eliminating the deformation of the pipes caused by rigid mountings. The suspension of an exhaust pipe usually requires supports and stabilisers.

Suspension of on board equipment

Elastic suspension of sensitive on-board equipment (radio, navigation, electric or electronic enclosures, control panels, etc) provides protection against vibration coming from the structure. On board warships, high deflection mountings also provide protection against shocks from mines, etc. Stabilisers have to be added to supporting dampers for tall enclosures or racks.

IV.5 BUILDINGS

The problem of preventing vibration caused by air conditioning, ventilation, compressor or pumping systems, etc, in housing (flats, hotels, etc) offices or factories is now becoming more common for two reasons :

1) There is a general tendency to reduce the vibration and noise levels to comply with new noise regulations.

2) There is also a general tendency to build lighter constructions with greater spans, implying greater floor flexibility.

Active damping of machinery by preventing vibration being transmitted through the structure of buildings is often a way of complying with these regulations. The mechanical vibration filtered by VIBRACHOC mountings is transmitted at a level that is too low to excite structures that could create noise.

Suspension of foundations of lifts, hoists, etc

The vibration generated by the winch while operating a lift has to be damped but it is especially important to absorb the shock generated when the machine starts or brakes. This often requires the use of elastic systems with good damping.

Suspension of fans, air conditioning, compressors, pumps, etc

An elastic suspension provides good protection against vibration, while, in most cases, avoiding the need for concrete masses, a costly solution which prevents the equipment being moved easily.

The vibration and noise generated by a machine are more of a nuisance to the environment if they are positioned at a structurally weak point (roofs, terraces, floors, etc) and near offices or flats.

The rigidity of the floor is a factor that has to be taken into consideration when deciding which type of suspension to use.

Suspension of floating slabs

An economical solution is not to mount each machine separately but to group all the equipment likely to cause vibration on one slab, said to be floating because it is linked to the structure of the building by very low frequency mountings.

This system considerably increases the inertia of the suspended part and thus significantly reduces the displacement of the slab.

Suspension of pipework and conduits

Pipes and conduits generate two types of vibration :

- low frequency vibration due to turbulent flow (8-15 Hz),
- high frequency vibration due to the vibration of the pipes themselves (above 25 Hz).

The suspension usually also has to withstand quite high temperatures and allow the pipes to expand freely, which means that elastic all metal and/or telescopic systems have to be used.

SELECTION GUIDE **OF MOUNTINGS**

	AXIAL FLEXIBILITY		AXIAL AND RADIAL FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND							
Product range	V4* VIBSOL PDM-1000 PDM-2000 SP55*W SP56*W V120 & V125	V118-DG V118-MG V318 V318-D V1H5023 V1H5025	V164 V168	V402-MG	V1H751 V1H752	SP539-***				
Nominal static load in daN										
5										
10			$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{Z}} = \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{Z}}$							
20 30			ura enc. 22 I							
50	Iz		Natural frequency = 8 to 22 Hz	II						
70	25 H		rec 8							
100	0 2		Ţ	Natural frequency 15 to 22 Hz						
200	0 t	Hz		ral frequen 15 to 22 Hz	Natural frequency = 15 to 25 Hz					
300		25		fre to 2						
400	cy	<u>t</u>		ral 15 i	ral frequen 15 to 25 Hz					
500	ene	11			req 2.2					
600	nb	Ш		Na	5 to					
700	fre	cy			1;					
800	ral	len			Nat					
900	Natural frequency = 10 to 25 Hz	nba								
1 000	Na	Natural frequency = 11 to 25 Hz								
2 000		Iral								
3 000		atu								
4 000 5 000		Ž								
6 000										
7 000						al				
8 000						Natural frequency = 10 to 16 Hz				
15 000						Nai qu to				
140 000						fre 10				
280 000										

Warning :

At least two parameters are necessary to select a mounting system : the load to be supported and the excitation frequency or running speed of the equipment to be isolated. This frequency or speed needs to have the correct relationship with the natural frequency of the mounting system (see graph on page 7). If this relationship is ignored there is a risk that the vibration will be amplified. * = indicates the stiffness of the mount.

SELECTION GUIDE OF MOUNTINGS

AXIAL AND RADIAL FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND	AXIAL AND RADIAL FLEXIBILITY	AXIAL AND RADIA FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND	AXIAL FLEXIBILITY	MULTIAXIAL FLEXIBILITY	
V1H-6000 V1H-6100	V1B1114 V1B1115 V1B1116 V1B1134 V1B1135 V1B1136 V1209	7002 MV801 MV803	VE101 VE111 VE112 VE113 V1N30*	VIBCABLE	Product range
		، ا		MIME	Nominal static load in daN
Natural frequency = 12 to 18 Hz	Natural frequency = 1.5 to 9 Hz	Natural frequency = 5 to 10 Hz	Natural frequency = 3.5 to 6 Hz	Natural frequency = 7 to 25 Hz	5 10 20 30 50 70 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900
	Natural				1 000 2 000 3 000 4 000 5 000 6 000 7 000 8 000 15 000 140 000 280 000

Note : Natural frequencies are given in axial.

APPLICATIONS GUIDE TO VIBRACHOC METAL RANGE

	AXIAL FL	EXIBILITY	AXIAL & RADIAL FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND					
Product range	Metal cushions & V1B5984	V4* VIBSOL PDM-1000 PDM-2000 SP55*W SP56*W V120 & V125	V118-MG V318	V164 V168	V402MG	V1H751 V1H752		
APPLICATIONS						٢		
ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE								
LIFT								
CRUSHER								
VEHICLE CAB								
AIR CONDITIONING								
SIEVE								
GENERATOR SET								
MACHINE TOOLS								
SHIPBOURNE EQUIPMENT								
LABORATORY EQUIPMENT								
IC ENGINES								
COMPRESSORS								
PUMPS								
GEARBOXES								
FANS								
CIVIL ENGINEERING								
CEILINGS, PIPEWORK								
GANTRIES								
GUILLOTINES								
SCREEN								
TRANSFORMER								
HOPPER								
PIPEWORK								

For mobile installation : V118, V318, V402, V1H751 or 752, V1H-6000 or 6100, 7002, VIBCABLE.

APPLICATIONS GUIDE TO VIBRACHOC METAL RANGE

AXIAL FLEXIBILITY	AXIAL & RADIAL FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND	AXIAL & RADIAL FLEXIBILITY	AXIAL & RADIAL FLEXIBILITY + ANTI-REBOUND	AXIAL FLEXIBILITY	MULTIAXIAL FLEXIBILITY	
SP539-***	V1H-6000 V1H-6100	V1B1114 V1B1115 V1B1116 V1B1134 V1B1135 V1B1136 V1209 - V1210	7002 MV801 MV803	VE101 VE111 VE112 VE113 V1N30*	VIBCABLE	Product range
	()				TOTAL	APPLICATIONS
		Fix				ELECTRICAL ENCLOSURE
						LIFT
						CRUSHER
						VEHICLE CAB
						AIR CONDITIONING
						SIEVE
						GENERATOR SET
			7 000			MACHINE TOOLS
			7002			SHIPBOURNE EQUIPMENT
						LABORATORY EQUIPMENT IC ENGINES
						COMPRESSORS
						PUMPS
						GEARBOXES
						FANS
						CIVIL ENGINEERING
						CEILINGS, PIPEWORK
						GANTRIES
						GUILLOTINES
						SCREEN
						TRANSFORMER
						HOPPER
						PIPEWORK



METALLIC CUSHIONS



(1) Natural frequency :10 to 25 Hz

DESCRIPTION

Metallic cushions are made from drawn, woven stainless steel wire that is compressed into a geometric shape.

The Vibrachoc range has more than 1,000 standard metallic cushions of various sizes and characteristics.

As metallic cushions are easy to create, custom shapes and characteristics can be developed and produced on request.

APPLICATIONS

Standard or custom metallic cushions can be used for many industrial applications because they are naturally resistant to grease, oil, water, etc and withstand temperatures from - 70° C to + 300° C.

The static stiffness of the metallic cushion ensures progressive stiffening and maintains a constant natural frequency for a very wide range of loads within a small space.

Their natural frequency of between 12 and 25 Hz and damping of 15 to 20 % make them suitable for mounting rotating machines with a rotation speed over 2,000 rpm.

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATINGS.



DIMENSIONS

• SIMPLE CYLINDRICAL SHAPE



For cushions with alternative dimensions and load ranges, please consult us.

Reference	Ø Ext. D mm	Ø Int. d mm	Height H mm	Load range daN	Dynam. force daN	Natural frequency Hz
VI168-B	53	16.5	14	20 to 250	1250	15 to 22
V3CNVI653-A02	33	14	19	75 to 300	900	15 to 22
CH440-A02	72	50	21	50 to 350	1000	15 to 20
VI771-A02	40	15	20	150 to 550	1700	15 to 20
MC345-A02	72	34	21	300 to 1300	5000	15 to 20
CH281-A02	119	34	21.5	700 to 2700	12500	15 to 20
CH283-A02	159	70	21.5	250 to 7000	22500	15 to 20
VI996-A02	203	121	21	250 to 7000	22500	15 to 20
	~~~	<b>F</b> 1				
CH438-A02	72	51	10	50 to 350	1000	20 to 25
CH265-A02	70	34	10.5	300 to 1300	5000	20 to 25
CH264-A02	116	36	11	700 to 2700	8000	20 to 25
VI771-B02	40	15	11.5	750 to 3000	9000	20 to 25
CH472-A02	156	72	10.5	2000 to 7000	21000	20 to 25

#### • CYLINDRICAL SHOULDERED SHAPE

 $H_1$ 



Ød

Reference	Ø D ₁ mm	Ø D ₂ mm	Ø int. d mm	H ₁ mm	H ₂ mm	Static load daN	Dynam. force daN	Natural frequency Hz
VJ148-A05	72	48	33	25	21	50 to 350	1050	15 to 20
V3CNCH682-A05	69.5	52	34	30	23.5	50 to 300	900	15 to 20
V3CNVJ044-A05	52.6	26.5	16	21.5	14	25 to 200	600	15 to 22
V3CNVJ102-A05	49	27.5	18	30	24.5	20 to 100	300	15 to 20
VJ164-A05	34.5	20	12.5	14	10	15 to 100	300	20 to 25

#### • RECTANGULAR SHAPE



Reference	Shape	Dim. L x l mm	Ø int. d mm	H mm	Static load daN	Dynam. force daN	Natural frequency Hz
VI786-A06 *	В	53 x 49	8	25	30 to 200	800	12 to 18
VI830-B06	С	28 x 28	-	15	50 to 300	1000	17 to 22
VI700-A06 *	С	50 x 47	-	25	75 to 400	1200	12 to 18
VI700-B06 *	С	50 x 47	-	16	75 to 400	1600	17 to 22
CH422-A06	С	45 x 36	-	16	400 to 1500	5000	20 to 25
V3CNVI 034-A06	В	100 x 100	-	34	2000 to 7000	20000	12 to 18
VJ149-A06	В	28 x 28	10.5	10	25 to 150	450	20 to 25
V3CNVJ006-A06	В	157 x 157	30	25	500 to 5000	15000	13 to 18

* : References detailed on following pages.

#### ASSEMBLY EXAMPLES



Suspension of gearboxes, motors, fans, pumps, axial load only. A gap is necessary around the fixing screw.



Absorbs expansion and isolates screws under dynamic load.



Pipe isolation.



Suspension of motors, fans, etc.



Scheme showing a cushion mounting with uplift snubber.



Machine mounted on cushions located on dowels.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

#### TYPICAL STIFFNESS CURVE FOR A METALLIC CUSHION



Natural frequency of the mounting remains constant in the load zone.

The elastic limit of the metallic cushion under compression is 3 to 5 times greater than the maximum static load shown in the data sheets.

- 1 Excellent resistance to oil, grease, solvents, water, dust, chemical agents.
- 2 Whistands temperatures from  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C and in certain applications  $150^{\circ}$ C to +  $400^{\circ}$ C.
- 3 Highly resistant to ageing : characteristics are stable.
- $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{4 High damping from 15 to 20\%, i.e. tan.} \\ \mbox{$\delta$ from 0.3 to 0.4 corresponding to an} \\ \mbox{amplification factor at resonance $<\!4$.} \end{array}$
- 5 Loading up to 150 kg/cm² under compression and 500 kg/cm² for isolating shocks.
- 6 Natural frequency between 15 and 25 Hz.





### **VIBSOL**®



#### DESCRIPTION

- The VIBSOL mount is made of a round metal cushion covered with an anti-slip elastomer pad on both side.
- It is available in two versions :
  - a standard version with a natural frequency of 22 à 30 Hz (machine tools).
  - a thick version (W) with lower stiffness and a natural frequency of 15 to 22 Hz (metal forming machines).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- The VIBSOL mount is a simple and quick solution for machine tools offering a good shock absorption, and easy to install by sliding it under the base of the machine.
- Unaffected by oils, cutting fluids, detergents, high and low temperatures with good resistance to fatigue.
- It offers good stability for the suspended machine.
- A constant natural frequency over a wide load range makes mount selection easy.

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.



#### DIMENSIONS



Туре	Part number	Ø D mm	Ød mm	Height H mm	Load range daN	Natural frequency Hz
VIBSOL 43	V6080 F43	72	51	12	50 - 350	22 - 30
VIBSOL 43W	V6080 F43W	72	50	23	50 - 350	15 - 22
VIBSOL 44	V6080 F44	70	34	13	300 - 1300	22 - 30
VIBSOL 44W	V6080 F44W	70	34	23	300 - 1300	15 - 22
VIBSOL 45	V6080 F45	116	36	13	700 - 2700	22 - 30
VIBSOL 45W	V6080 F45W	116	34	24	700 - 2700	15 - 22
VIBSOL 46	V6080 F46	156	72	14	2000 - 5000	22 - 30
VIBSOL 46W	V6080 F46W	156	70	24	2000 - 5000	15 - 22

These referencies are kept in stock, see current price list for availability of items.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**



#### Vibration attenuation

VIBSOL mountings



# VI786-A06 VI700-A06 VI700-B06



```
(1) Natural frequency :
15 to 20 Hz
```

#### DESCRIPTION

This suspension system consists of rectangular cushions made of woven compressed stainless steel wire. The VI786 have a Ø 9 bored screw hole, so that they can be mounted in collars with the diameters required by the user.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

This suspension system is particularly suitable for mounting exhaust pipes from generator sets on board ship or permanently mounted in buildings. They are unaffected by aggressive chemicals, oil, grease and corrosion and withstand extreme temperatures from -  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.

The natural frequency of between 15 and 20 Hz enables the pipes to be mounted independently of the support and thus reduces noise levels and allows the pipes to expand freely.

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.



#### VI786-A06

#### DIMENSIONS



#### Assembly :

Countersunk screws can be used to mount the cushions inside the collar.

The number of cushions used should be a multiple of 4, depending on the diameter of the pipework : see table below.

However, for small diameter pipes, 2 collars can be used edge to edge, each having 2 pads at opposite diagonals.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**



Ø of the pipe	Number of cushions
75 - 175	4
175 - 425	8
425 - 550	12
550 - 700	16
700 - 850	20
850 - 1000	24
1000 - 1150	32
1150 - 1300	36
1300 - 1450	40
1450 - 1600	44
1600 - 1750	48

Max. dynamic force in compression : 800 daN. Static load range from 30 to 200 daN.

Collar and screws not supplied.



#### VI700-A06 - VI700-B06

#### **DIMENSIONS**



#### Assembly:

Our wide range of mountings can meet many requirements. These mountings should be used as shown in the following diagram (two half collars, in which the cushions are placed side by side, are connected to the structure).

Note : the cushions may be mounted in two orientations: the height H is shown on the table. Refer to the drawing to ensure that the height H is correct when mounting.

#### Choice:

The cushions are 16 mm or 26 mm thick. We advise using VI700-B06 pads (16 mm thick) for  $\emptyset$  D pipes < 270 and VI700-A06 (25 mm thick) for  $\emptyset$  D pipes > 270.



For example :

- for  $\emptyset$  D ext 140 pipe : use 9 VI700-B06 cushions ;
- for Ø D ext 1,000 pipe : use 61 VI700-A06 cushions.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**



DETAIL A



Pipe Ø D	Н	Numb. of	Pipe Ø D	Н	Numb. of
mm	mm	cushions	Îmm	mm	cushions
75 to 85	50	5	335 to 380	47	21
80 to 90	47	5	360 to 410	50	24
90 to 100	50	6	400 to 450	50	27
95 to 105	47	6	445 to 500	47	28
105 to 120	50	7	500 to 560	47	31
120 to 135	50	8	560 to 630	47	35
135 to 150	50	9	620 to 700	47	39
150 to 170	50	10	700 to 790	47	44
165 to 185	50	11	780 to 880	47	49
180 to 200	50	12	875 to 985	47	55
195 to 220	50	13	975 to 1100	47	61
210 to 240	50	14	1100 to 1240	47	69
240 to 270	47	15	1230 to 1385	47	77
270 to 305	47	17	1370 to 1550	47	86
300 to 340	50	20	1530 to 1725	47	96

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Maximum dynamic force in compression : VI700-A06 = 1200 daN VI700-B06 = 1600 daN

Static load range from 75 to 400 daN





## METALLIC CUSHIONS FOR PIPEWORKS



#### DESCRIPTION

The metal cushions for pipework are made from stainless steel wire that is work hardened, knitted, crimped and compressed to a given shape in a press.

The cushion can be supplied on its own or in a mounting kit which comprises two cushions, two spacers, a retaining zinc plated steel clamp.

#### APPLICATIONS

The cushions are resistant to temperatures from -  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C and are used to clamp and isolate pipes against vibration.



#### DIMENSIONS

#### • CUSHION ONLY



Reference for cushion only	R mm	L1 mm	L2 mm	H1 mm	h mm	Ø D mm	E mm
000 51 430	5.10	60	30	15	12	7	40
000 51 431	6.75	60	30	15	12	7	40
000 51 432	8.60	70	30	20	16	7	50
000 51 433	10.65	70	30	20	14	7	50
000 51 423	16.50	87	31	30	20	9	65
000 51 422	24.00	88	32	30	15	9	65
V3CNVJ123-A06	20.00	115	35	35	15	13.5	85
V3CNVJ122-A06	25.00	115	35	35	15	13.5	85
V3CNVJ121-A06	30.00	115	35	35	15	13.5	85

Dimensions are for unloaded cushions.

#### • CUSHION KIT (Screws not supplied)



Kit reference	Ø D mm	L1 mm	L2 mm	H2 mm	H3 mm	E mm
V6056K01	40	115	35	32,5	73	85
V6057K01	50	115	35	37,5	83	85
V6058K01	60	115	35	42,5	93	85

Dimensions are for loaded cushions.



(1)

# V43 V44 V45 V46



#### DESCRIPTION

Standard V43, V44, V45 and V46 mountings have a cast steel base and a resilient element made from a stainless steel wire cushion.

The version H includes a cup and a levelling stud. It can also be equiped with grip pads.

Version W differs from the standard version as it has a thicker cushion for greater flexibility.

#### APPLICATIONS

This range with a natural frequency of 15 to 30 Hz can be used for mounting machine tools in harsh industrial environments.

They are unaffected by oil, temperature and fatigue and their life time is often the same as that of the machine.

The thicker metallic cushion of the version W, can be used for mounting forming tools (presses, shears, folding machines) and improves the vibration isolation level.

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.



#### MOUNTING AND ACCESSORIES

This range of mountings is available complete or the parts can be obtained separately :



#### DIMENSIONS





V4*(-W)

KT4*H

* Complete part number; see table below. W = Low frequency cushion.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Reference	Static load daN	Max. dynamic force in compression daN	Natural frequency Hz	Ø D1 mm	H1 mm	Ø D2 mm	H2 mm	ØM	C mm	H3 maxi mm	Ø d1 mm	Ø d2 mm		
V43			22 to 30	81	20	-	-	-	-	-	17	12	3	
V43-H	50 to 350	750	22 10 30	-	-	96	35	M12	8	115	-	-	-	
V43-W	50 10 350	750	15 to 22	81	31	-	-	-	-	-	17	12	3	
V43-WH					15 10 22	-	-	96	46	M12	8	125	-	-
V44		4000	22 to 30	81	20	-	-	-	-	-	17	12	3	
V44-H	200 to 1300		22 10 30	-	-	96	35	M16	10	135	-	-	-	
V44-W	200 10 1300		15 to 22	81	31	-	-	-	-	-	17	12	3	
V44-WH				-	-	96	46	M16	10	147	-	-	-	
V45			22 to 30	128	26	-	-	-	-	-	33	18	3	
V45-H	700 to 2700	8000	22 10 30	-	-	152	45	M20	13	155	-	-	-	
V45-W	700 10 2700	8000	15 to 22	128	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	33	18	3	
V45-WH				13 10 22	-	-	152	56	M20	13	163	-	-	-
V46		5000 15000	22 to 30	170	34.5	-	-	-	-	-	44	28	4	
V46-H	2000 to 5000		22 10 30	-	-	190	60	M24	16	160	-	-	-	
V46-W	2000 to 5000	13000	15 to 22	170	43.5	-	-	-	-	-	44	28	4	
V46-WH			10 10 22	-	-	190	71	M24	16	170	-	-	-	

Maximum excitation at resonant frequency:  $\pm$  0.2 mm ( $\pm$  0.4 mm with low frequency cushion, suffix W).





#### DESCRIPTION

- Anti-vibration mounting available with a constant natural frequency over a wide load range.
- Cast iron base and levelling device.
- Conical wire mesh cushion, capable of narrying lateral loads.
- $\bullet$  V47D version has a stack of two cushions with a cast iron separating cup.
- V47T and V47Q have three and four metal cushions respectively.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

This machinery mount, with adjustable height, is used for machine tools and other rotating machine.

The V47 and V47D are designed for presses and printing machines.



#### **DIMENSIONS**





V47T





#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Reference	Load range daN	Max. dynamic force daN	Natural frequency Hz	Weight of mounting kg
V47	250 to 7000	21 000	15 to 20	9.1
V47D	250 to 7000	21 000	12 to 16	12.2
V47T	250 to 7000	21 000	10 to 13	13.1
V47Q	250 to 7000	21 000	8 to 11	15.1

#### 5



# PDM-1000-01 PDM-2000-01



#### DESCRIPTION

Low profile mountings with high static and dynamic load range.

- 100% 316 stainless steel.
- Natural frequency from 15 to 18 Hz.
- Dynamic load in compression : 3 g.
- Maximum sinusoidal input at resonance :  $\pm$  0.4 mm.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Anti-vibration mounting for presses and machine tools without the need to fix or grout in position
- For chemical, food industry ...

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**



Reference	Static load daN	А	B mm	C mm	Ø D mm	Ø E mm	F mm	L mm
PDM-1000-01-M16 PDM-2000-01-M20			18 15	27 30	80 128	73 120	52 62	156 197

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.





New!

# SP550W, 551W, 552W, 553W SP560W, 561W, 562W, 563W



#### DESCRIPTION

Machine mount available with a stud (SP55*W) or threaded hole (SP56*W).

#### SP55*W

(1)



## **APPLICATIONS**

• Top cup and stud are mild steel zinc plated.

• Stainless steel wire mesh cushion. • Natural frequency between 15 to 20 Hz.

- Mounting for low loads.
- Suitable for rotating machines (> 2500 rpm) and laboratory equipment ...

#### SP56*W



#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Reference with thread. stud	Reference with tapped hole	Ø D1 mm	Ø D2 mm	H mm	h * mm	ØG	Static load daN	Deflection under load daN
SP550W SP551W	SP560W SP561W	28 40	23.6 34.5	17.5 17	20 20	M6 M6	60 100	4.2 4.8
SP552W SP553W	SP562W SP563W	45 58	40 53.6	22 22	25 25	M8 M8	150 150 225	5.6

* SP55*W only.

(1) Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.




# SP539-882SP539-883SP539-887SP539-888



#### DESCRIPTION

All metal mounting comprising a stack of between one and three woven steel cushions giving a variation in natural frequency depending upon the number of cushions. This make higher levels of isolation possible.

The stainless steel cushions in conical shape are capable of carrying radial loads.

This mounting ensures good stability of the suspended equipment.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Metal cutting or metal forming machines (presses, punches, ...).
- Heavy rotating machines.







380 175



SP539-883



SP539-887 SP539-888

Reference	Heigth mm	Load range KdaN	Natural frequency Hz	Weight of mounting kg
SP539-882	124	0 5 to 14	12 to 16	37
SP539-883	154	0.5 to 14	10 to 13	41
SP539-887	SP539-887 124		12 to 16	70
SP539-888	154	1 to 28	10 to 13	82





# V118-MG V118-DG V318 V318-D



(1) Natural frequency : 11 to 22 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

V118-MG and V318 mountings have cast iron cover and base with 4 mountings holes in the base and a central tapped hole in the cover.

The resilient elements are dtainless steel wire mesh cushions :

- V118-MG and V318 have two cushions ;
- V118-DG and V318-D have three cushions.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

This series of mountings have a natural frequency between 18 and 25 Hz and can be used for mounting :

- heavy machinery (grinders, crushers, inclined presses, eccentric presses, printing presses, textile machines).
- rotating machines (motors, generator sets, pumps, etc), which rotate at more than 2,000 rpm for V118-DG and V318-D and up to 2,500 rpm for V118-MG and V318.
- gantry cranes (structure, cabs, equipment).

The isometric stiffness characteristics and anti-rebound metal cushions of these suspensions makes them suitable for suspending engines on ships, vehicles, etc.

As they can withstand temperatures between -  $70^{\circ}$ C and +  $300^{\circ}$ C, they can also be used for mounting exhaust pipes.





Reference	A mm	mm	ØD	Ю Е mm	mm	H mm	mm	r mm	FV1 app. mm	FV2 app. mm
V118-MG	100	130	M16	16.5	30	73	12	63	68	77
V118-DG	100	130	M16	16.5	30	98	12.5	84	-	-
V 318	170	220	M27	-	59	97	17	-	93	100
V318-D	170	220	M27	-	-	125	17	112	-	-

### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension : ± 0.3 mm.
Amplification factor at resonance : < 4.</li>

Reference	Load range	Maximum dynar daN	nic forces	Natural frequency	Weight of mounting
	daN	Axial	Radial	Hz	kg
V118-MG V118-DG	50 to 900	4500	1500	16 to 22 11 to 17	2 2.4
V318 V318-D	= 1250  to  7000 = 21000		9000	16 to 22 11 to 17	10 13





# V120 V120-D V125 V125-D



(1) Natural frequency : 13 to 25 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

Series of all metal low profile mounts with one or two cushions, working in compression only, permitting high dynamic overloads (using a load distribution plate). Mounts can be fixed to floor.

Made of cups welded on a steel base with one or two stainless steel cushions (inox 18/8).

The steel parts are painted to protect against corrosion.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

These mounts are designed for:

- suspension of presses,
- suspension of machine-tools which do not need levelling,
- suspension of transformers, diesel engines,
- suspension of rotating machines operating:
  - > 2500 rpm : V120 and V125,
  - > 2000 rpm : V120-D and V125-D.





Reference	A	В	C	ØD	G	H	b	Ød	е	h
Reference	mm	mm	mm	ЮD	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
V120	114	150	126	M16	20	26	140	1.0	0	2.0
V125	138	165	165	M20	28	36	160	12	8	32
V120-D	114	150	126	M16	50	70	140	12	16	66
V125-D	138	165	165	M20	50	70.5	160	12	10	00

- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension : V120 and V125 ± 0.3 mm, V120-D and V125-D ± 0.4 mm.
- Natural frequencies for this amplitude :

  - axial
     radial
     V120 and V125 : 15 to 20 Hz, V120-D and V125-D : 13 to 18 Hz.
- Amplification factor at resonance : < 5.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.

Reference	Static axial load daN	Maximum dynamic force in compression daN	Weight of mounting kg
V120	120 - 2500	12500	2.3
V125	250 - 7000	22500	3.5
V120-D	120 - 2500	12500	4.5
V125-D 250 - 7000		22500	7





# V164 V168



(1) Natural frequency : 8 to 22 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

The V164 and V168 dampers have a cover, an AG3 mounting plate and an AU4G shaft. The assembly is chromatised.

The upper and lower stainless steel cushions are the resilient elements of the mounting. It has four Ø 8 mounting holes on the mounting plate and one M10 tapped hole on upper cover.

#### APPLICATIONS

The load range of between 5 and 170 kg makes it suitable for isolating light machine tools from motors with rotational speeds of over 2,500 rpm.

The V164 has an isometric natural frequency of 15 to 22 Hz and 8 to 12 Hz. Their lower cushion can withstand accidental traction forces (for example, shock rebound).

These dampers are not affected by aggressive chemicals and can be used, for example, for mounting petro-chemical pumps.











V164



#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  0.3 mm. - Amplification factor at resonance : < 4. - Operating temperature : - 70°C to + 300°C.

Reference	Natural frequency	Static axial load	Maximum dynar	nic forces (daN)	Weight of mounting
Reference	axial and radial	daN	Compression	Traction	kg
V164-F V164-G	15 to 22 Hz	5 to 30 20 to 120	150 150 1250 600		0.18
V168-1U V168-2U	8 to 12 Hz	25 to 60 50 to 170	180 510	75 150	0.35



### V402-MG



(1) Natural frequency : 15 to 22 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

The V402-MG damper has a cast iron upper cover and mounting plate and a high strength aluminium alloy shaft.

The resilient element is a wonen stainless steel cushion.

The cast iron parts are painted.

### APPLICATIONS

This all metal damper has a natural frequency between 15 and 22 Hz and is isometric within the defined load ranges. It is designed for compression loads but its retaining cushion makes it able to withstand high tensile forces.

The conical cushions provide resilience in all directions. It can be used to suspend fixed or on board machine tools and rotating machines (pumps, engines, generator sets rotating at speeds over 2,500 rpm).





- Natural frequency :
  - axial radial } 15 to 22 Hz.
- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension : ± 0.3 mm.
  Amplification factor at resonance : < 4.</li>
  Operating temperature : 70°C to + 300°C.
  Weight 0.75 Kg approximative.

Reference	Static load in daN	Maximum dynamic force in daN (compression or traction) 3500						
V402-MG	30 to 700	3500						





# V1H751 V1H752



(1) Natural frequency : 15 to 25 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

The V1H751 and 752 range has a pressed steel casing and mounting plate and light alloy shaft. The resilient element is a stainless steel wire pad.

The steel parts are painted.

#### APPLICATIONS

The V1H 751 and 752 have a natural frequency between 15 and 25 Hz for static loads under compression.

The -11 and -12 versions are reinforced by radial cushions and can absorb considerable horizontal dynamic forces, which makes it possible to use them for mounting on board equipment in ships, rail, road transport, civil engeneering plant (engines, pumps, generator sets, pipework) or fixed machines that have to be floor mounted.



⁽¹⁾ Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.



Reference	A mm	B mm	Ø C mm	ØD	Ø E mm	G mm	H mm	J mm	Ø K mm	L mm	Ød mm	e mm	f mm	h mm
V1H751	92 *	110	69	M12	32	47	54	27	40	90	11*	5.5	40.5	50
V1H752	126	152	96	M20	41	51	60	36	60	124	15	7	45	56

* Oblong holes with 2 mm aperture.

- Natural frequency :
  - axial
    radial
    15 to 25 Hz depending on load.
- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  0.4 mm.
- Amplification factor at resonance < 4.
- Structural strength corresponding to continuous acceleration under compression of 5 g for the 751 and 10 g for the 752 with maximum load.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.
- Weight V1H751 : 0.75 kg,
  - V1H752 : 1.6 kg.

	Static axial load	Maxim	um dynami daN	c force	Upp	nting screws Torque N.m 18 40 18	
Reference	daN	Take u		Take up length mm			
		-			min.	max.	N.M
V1H751-01	70 - 250	900	900	300			18
V1H751-11	70 - 250	900	900	800	25	45	40
V1H751-02	150 - 500	2000	1800	650	25 45		18
V1H751-12	150 - 500	2000	1800	1600			40
V1H752-01 V1H752-11	300 - 1000 300 - 1000	4000 4000	3000 3000	1000 3000	35	50	50 140





# V1H5023 V1H5025



(1) Natural frequency : 15 to 25 Hz

### DESCRIPTION

The V1H5023 and V1H5025 mountings have cast iron upper housing and base. The base has four fixing holes.

The resilient elements are stainless steel wire mesh cushions. The cast iron parts are painted.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Isolation of machine-tools : grinding machines, crushing machines, flypresses, printing machines, textile machinery, etc.

Isolation of rotating machines : engines, sets, pumps, etc. rotating over 2500 rpm.

Marine : isolation of exhaust pipes, manifold, boilers, motors, sets, pumps, etc.





Reference	A mm	B mm	Ø C mm	ØD	ØE mm	G mm	H mm	d mm	e mm	f mm	h under FV1 mm	h under FV2 mm
V1H5025 *	138	172	100	M20	50	50	100	15	12	5	96	104
V1H5023 *	215	260	140	M33	70	60	136	23	18	7	132	140

* Load indice, see below.

- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  0.3 mm.
- Natural frequencies for this amplitude :
  - axial
    radial
    15 to 25 Hz depending on load.
- Amplification factor at resonance : < 4.
- Structural strength : see table.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.

	Static axial load	Maximum	n dynamic for	rce (daN)	Woight
Reference	daN	Axial	Axial	Radial	Weight kg
	uaiv	compression	traction	Raulai	ĸg
V1H5025-01	350 - 900	4500	4500	4500	6.7
V1H5025-02	800 - 3000	15000	4500	4500	0.7
V1H5023-01	1000 - 2500	12500	12500	12500	24.4
V1H5023-02	2000 - 7000	35000	12500	12500	24.4





# V1H-6000 V1H-6100



#### DESCRIPTION

The V1H-6000 and V1H-6100 mountings steel have a mounting plate, cover and swaged teel shaft.

This mouting is available with stainless steel or mild steel zinc plated metalwork.

The resilient parts are stainless steel wire cushions.

The steel parts are zinc plated.

#### APPLICATIONS

The V1H-6000 and V1H-6100 mountings have a natural frequency of between 12 and 18 Hz and are designed for suspending rotating machines, electronic cabinets, pipes, air conditioning systems, etc. Its all metal construction means that its characteristics do not deteriorate with time and it maintains its height under load, even in the most severe ambient conditions and temperatures.

The shape of the armature and upper cushion provide high radial performance and a structural strength of 3 g, making it suitable for mounting on board equipment on military ground vehicles and ships.





Reference	Ø A mm	B1 mm	B2 mm	ØC	D mm	ØE mm	F mm	ØG mm	H mm	I mm	J mm	K mm
V1H-6000 *	105	62	57	M12	130	11	160	110	50	5	3	15
V1H-6100 *	82	56	51	M10	98	9	120	85	46	3	2	11

* load indice, see below.

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

- Natural frequency :
  - axial
    radial
    12 to 18 Hz depending on the load.
- Structural strength : 3 g.Complies with GAMT13-MIL.STD. 167-1.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.
- Amplification factor at resonance < 4.

Steel reference	Inox reference	Load range daN	Weight kg
V1H-6100-01	V1H-6100-01NX	25 to 75	
V1H-6100-02	V1H-6100-02NX	50 to 150	0.65
V1H-6100-03	V1H-6100-03NX	100 to 250	
V1H-6000-21	V1H-6000-21NX	30 to 75	
V1H-6000-01	V1H-6000-01NX	50 to 150	1.6
V1H-6000-02	V1H-6000-02NX	100 to 300	1.0
V1H-6000-03	V1H-6000-03NX	200 to 500	



Mountings with radial load

(CONSULT US)





# V1B1114 V1B1134 V1B1115 V1B1135 V1B1116 V1B1136



(1) Natural frequency : 3 to 9 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

This range of mountings has one or two steel mounting plates depending on the model, one or several high strength steel springs, 2 light alloy rings and a stainless steel wire cushion in each spring.

All steel parts are painted.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

These very low frequency isolators (down to 3 Hz) can be used to mount machine rotating at speeds over 450 rpm, vibrators and impact machines, achieving an attenuation of about 95%.

They are all metal and can be used outdoors or in the harshest conditions.

As they do not creep, their life time may be the same as that of the machine they are used to mount.

A metal cushion inside each spring increases the damping factor and limits the amplification at the natural frequency.



### SINGLE ELEMENTS

 $50 \pm 3$ 70.5  $\pm 5$ 82  $\pm 2$ 82  $\pm 3$ 

24

 $\pm 5$ 

#### DIMENSIONS



VIDIIIJ	30	00	03.0	1010	1	47	L 2.J	53	41.0	01.0	1 1
V1B1116	90	60	69.6	M8	7	47	2.5	88	68	90.5	1
V1B1134	140	100	110	M12	11	78	4	88	78	92	
V1B1135	140	100	110	M12	11	78	4	88	78	92	
V1B1136	140	100	110	M12	11	78	4	142	120	146	12

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

#### • Vibrational and mechanical characteristics

Isolation of rotating machines with a minimum speed of :

Rpm	Series	Axial natural frequency = fz	Radial natural frequency = fr	Axial max. force	Radial max. force	Amplification factor at resonance
1000 650 450	V1B1114 & V1B1134 V1B1115 & V1B1135 V1B1116 & V1B1136	5 to 6 Hz	$\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{fr} = \mathrm{fz} \\ \mathrm{fr} = \mathrm{fz} \\ \mathrm{fr} = 0.7 \ \mathrm{fz} \end{array}$	4 g 2 g 2 g	1.2 g 1.2 g 0.5 g	≤ 5 ≤ 10 ≤ 10

Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm 1$  mm.

#### • Load ranges

Part nu		
without mounting plate	with mounting plate	Static load daN
V1B1114-01 V1B1114-02 V1B1114-03 V1B1114-04 V1B1114-05 V1B1114-06 V1B1115-01 V1B1115-02 V1B1115-03 V1B1115-04 V1B1115-06	V1B1114-01A V1B1114-02A V1B1114-03A V1B1114-04A V1B1114-05A V1B1114-06A V1B1115-01A V1B1115-02A V1B1115-03A V1B1115-05A V1B1115-06A	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
V1B1116-01 V1B1116-02 V1B1116-03 V1B1116-04 V1B1116-05 V1B1116-06	V1B1116-01A V1B1116-02A V1B1116-03A V1B1116-04A V1B1116-05A V1B1116-06A	5 to 7 6 to 9 9 to 14 14 to 20 20 to 30 30 to 50

Part ni	Custa la sul						
without mounting plate	with mounting plate	Static load daN					
V1B1134-01 V1B1134-02 V1B1134-03 V1B1134-04 V1B1134-05 V1B1134-06 V1B1134-07	V1B1134-01A V1B1134-02A V1B1134-03A V1B1134-04A V1B1134-05A V1B1134-05A V1B1134-06A V1B1134-07A	40         to         85           65         to         125           110         to         190           175         to         270           250         to         400           360         to         560           540         to         730					
V1B1135-01 V1B1135-02 V1B1135-03 V1B1135-04 V1B1135-05 V1B1135-06 V1B1135-07	V1B1135-01A V1B1135-02A V1B1135-03A V1B1135-04A V1B1135-05A V1B1135-06A V1B1135-07A	30         to         48           48         to         80           80         to         130           130         to         200           200         to         310           310         to         400           420         to         560					
V1B1136-01 V1B1136-02 V1B1136-03 V1B1136-04 V1B1136-05 V1B1136-06 V1B1136-07	V1B1136-01A V1B1136-02A V1B1136-03A V1B1136-04A V1B1136-05A V1B1136-06A V1B1136-07A	75 to 105 95 to 130 115 to 160 160 to 230 220 to 310 300 to 415 410 to 550					

### MULTIPLE ELEMENTS

#### DIMENSIONS



#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

#### • Vibrational and mechanical characteristics (see Single elements)

#### • Load ranges

Part number	Static load daN	H2 unload. mm	h2 under load mm	e mm	Part number	Static load daN	H2 unload. mm	h2 under load mm	e mm
V1B1134-25 V1B1134-26 V1B1134-27 V1B1134-36 V1B1134-37 V1B1134-45 V1B1134-45 V1B1134-47 V1B1134-56 V1B1134-57	500 to 800 720 to 1120 1080 to 1460 1620 to 2190 1000 to 1600 1440 to 2240 2160 to 2920 1800 to 2800 2700 to 3650	96 96 106 106 104 104 104 106 108 110	$\begin{array}{c} 86 \pm 3 \\ 86 \pm 3 \\ 94 \pm 3 \\ 98 \pm 3 \\ 98 \pm 3 \\ \end{array}$	4 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 10	V1B1135-66 V1B1135-67 V1B1135-86 V1B1135-125 V1B1135-125 V1B1135-126 V1B1135-205 V1B1135-206 V1B1135-207	1860 to 2520 2520 to 3360 2480 to 3360 3360 to 4480 2340 to 3720 3720 to 5040 5040 to 6720 3900 to 6200 6200 to 8400 8400 to 11200	108 110 108 110 108 108 110 108 108 110	98 ±3 3 98 ± ±3 3 98 ± ± 3 3 98 ± ± 3 3 98 ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ±	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
V1B1134-66 V1B1134-67 V1B1134-86 V1B1134-87 V1B1134-125 V1B1134-125 V1B1134-127 V1B1134-205 V1B1134-206 V1B1134-207	2160 to 3360 3240 to 4380 2880 to 4480 4320 to 5840 3000 to 4800 4300 to 6720 6480 to 8760 5000 to 8000 7200 to 11200 10800 to 14600	108 110 108 110 108 108 110 108 108 108	$\begin{array}{c} 98 \\ \pm 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 98 \\ \pm 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\$	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	V1B1136-25 V1B1136-26 V1B1136-27 V1B1136-36 V1B1136-45 V1B1136-45 V1B1136-47 V1B1136-56 V1B1136-57	440 to 620 600 to 830 820 to 1100 900 to 1260 1230 to 1650 880 to 1280 1200 to 1660 1640 to 2200 1500 to 2075 2050 to 2750	148 148 158 158 158 156 156 156 158 160 162	$\begin{array}{c} 128 \pm 5 \\ 128 \pm 5 \\ 136 \pm 5 \\ 140 \pm 5 \\ 140 \pm 5 \end{array}$	4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 10
V1B1135-25 V1B1135-26 V1B1135-27 V1B1135-36 V1B1135-37 V1B1135-45 V1B1135-46 V1B1135-47 V1B1135-56 V1B1135-57	390 to 620 620 to 840 840 to 1120 930 to 1260 1260 to 1680 780 to 1240 1240 to 1680 1680 to 2240 1550 to 2100 2100 to 2800	96 96 106 106 104 104 104 106 108 110	$\begin{array}{c} 86 \pm 3 \\ 86 \pm 3 \\ 94 \pm 3 \\ 98 \pm 3 \\ 98 \pm 3 \end{array}$	4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 10 10	V1B1136-66 V1B1136-67 V1B1136-86 V1B1136-87 V1B1136-125 V1B1136-127 V1B1136-127 V1B1136-205 V1B1136-206 V1B1136-207	1800 to 2490           2460 to 3300           2400 to 3320           3280 to 4400           2640 to 3720           3600 to 4980           4920 to 6600           4400 to 6200           6000 to 8300           8200 to 11000	162 160 162 160 162 160 160 162 160 160 162	$\begin{array}{c} 140 \pm 5 \\ 140 \pm 5 \\$	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10





### 7002



(1) Natural frequency :
• axial 7 to 10 Hz
• radial 4.5 to 6 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

The 7002 damper has a satin finish treated AG3 casing and mounting plate, a stainless steel centre axis. A spring and stainless steel cushion provide the resilient elements. It has four Ø 5.2 mounting holes in the base and a tapped hole in the centre axis.

#### APPLICATIONS

Its axial natural frequency of between 7 and 10 Hz and its integral travel limiter enable 7002 dampers to be used for mounting electronic or computer equipment, navigation equipment and on board measurement instruments.

They can also be used for static equipment for suspending control panels, etc.

Their all metal construction enable them to operate in the harshest of conditions.





- Natural frequencies :
  - axial : 7 to 10 Hz depending on load,
  - radial : 4.5 to 6 Hz depending on load.
- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  0.75 mm.
- Amplificator factor at resonance : < 4.
- Operating temperature : 70°C to + 300°C.
  Structural strength corresponds to continuous acceleration of 10 g with maximum load.
- Travel available under shock :
  - axial :  $\pm 6$  mm,
  - radial :  $\pm$  5 mm.
- Weight : 100 to 200 (depending on version).

Reference	Axial static load daN	Central hole
7002 GA 7002 HA 7002 JA 7002 KA 7002 LA 7002 UA 7002 UA 7002 MA 7002 PA	$\begin{array}{r} 0.70 - 1.25 \\ 1.15 - 2.30 \\ 2.00 - 4.50 \\ 2.80 - 5.60 \\ 4.50 - 9.00 \\ 7.00 - 14.00 \\ 8.00 - 18.00 \\ 16.00 - 22.00 \end{array}$	M6
7002 RB 7002 SB 7002 TB	20.00 - 33.00 28.00 - 45.00 40.00 - 60.00	M8





# VE101 VE111 VE112 VE113



#### DESCRIPTION

VE isolators have a cylindrical stainless steel spring, a galvanised body, an elastomer noise reduction guide and steel rings or studs depending on the model. The VE112 series has a steel cushion inside the spring.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

These isolators with a natural frequency of between 3.5 and 6 Hz are specially designed for suspending false ceilings, air conditioning equipment and pipework and significantly reduces noise in buildings.



VE101

VE111



**VE112** 





VE113







#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Reference	Static load in daN
VE101 - 01	1 to 5
VE101 - 02	4 to13
VE101 - 03	7 to 20
VE101 - 04	12 to 33
VE101 - 05	19 to 43

Reference	Static load in daN
VE111 - 01	1 to 5
VE111 - 02	4 to 13
VE111 - 03	7 to 20
VE111 - 04	12 to 33
VE111 - 05	19 to 43

Reference	Static load in daN
VE112 - 01	25 to 70
VE112 - 02	45 to 130
VE112 - 03	85 to 230

Reference	Static load in daN
VE113	150 to 420

#### Vibration characteristics :

- Natural frequency : 3.5 to 6 Hz.





### VIBCABLE



(1) Natural frequency : 5 to 25 Hz

#### DESCRIPTION

This range of mountings has a stainless steel cable wound between light alloy bars. The 8010 to 8060 versions are assembled using stainless steel clips and the 8080 to 8140 models have galvanised steel screws.

There are two or four mounting holes, by bar, smooth, counter sunk or tapped.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

With a natural frequency between 5 and 25 Hz, damping up to 40% and high deflection in all directions, these dampers can absorb accelerations to equipment subjected to shock or drop.

Protection of equipment in containers, protection of racks and any fragile on board equipment.



⁽¹⁾ Natural frequencies with max/min loads, see : OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.







					nm)			]	F				nm					
Reference	Chapa	A	A	A	A	В	depe	nding	D	E		ım		de	epe	ndiı	ng	
IVererence	Shape	mm	mm	on ve	ersion	mm	mm	(2 fixing	g holes)		01	n ve	ersio	n				
				min.	max.			tapped	threaded	01	02	03	04	05	06			
V3CA8010-01 to -06	1	68	82	25	38	10	5	4.8	M4	18	26	20	28	30	33			
V3CA8020-01 to -06	1	100	112	29	43	12.5	6	5.8	M5	21	31	35	25	28	38			
V3CA8030-01 to -06	1	114	127	37	49	14	8	6.5	M6	28	30	33	36	38	41			
V3CA8040-01 to -06	1	114	127	37	44	14	8	6.5	M6	28	33	38	-	-	-			
V3CA8060-01 to -06	2	114	127	37	95	15	11	6.5	M6	38	43	87	43	31	34			
V3CA8080-01 to -06	2	131	146	57	102	16	13	7	M6	48	54	60	64	80	90			
C (mm) F H (mm)																		

			-	$A_2$	-	_		nm)	_	_		F				(mm)		
Reference	Shape	A	$A \mid A_1 \mid$		A ₃	В	depe	nding	D	E		ım	depending					
IVEIEIEIICE	bliape	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	on version mm		mm (	(4 fix.	holes)	s) on version						
							min.	max.			tapped	thread.	01	02	03	04	05	06
V3CA8090-01 to -06	2	156	111	44.5	30	216	80	135	25	16	9	M8	70	74	89	110	68	77
V3CA8100-01 to -06	2	156	111	44.5	30	216	92	150	25	20	9	M8	75	89	95	110	83	108
V3CA8110-01 to -06	2	191	136.5	54.5	38.1	267	102	170	25	25	11	M10	90	95	100	100	110	150
V3CA8120-01 to -06	2	266.5	190.5	76.2	50.5	368	140	195	40	40	13	M12	132	150	160	160	-	-
V3CA8130-01 to -06	2	378	270	108	70.8	520	216	260	50	50	20	M18	178	216	235	-	-	-
V3CA8140-01 to -06	2	378	270	108	70.8	520	224	248	50	50	20	M18	180	218	-	-	-	-



#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Shear																			
	Reference	Static load range in daN																	
	Relefence	Compression				Compression at 45°				Roll/Shear									
	Version	01	02	03	04	05	06	01	02	03	04	05	06	01	02	03	04	05	06
compression	V3CA8010-01 to -06	5	2.5	4	2	1.8	1.5	3.5	2	3	1.8	1.5	1.4	3	1	2.5	0.9	0.7	1
	V3CA8020-01 to -06	10	5	5	10	10	6	10	5	4	8.5	7	4	7.5	2.5	3	6	5	3
roll	V3CA8030-01 to -06	20	20	20	15	15	12	18	15	14	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	7	7
	V3CA8040-01 to -03	20	20	15	-	-	-	20	15	10	-	-	-	10	10	7.5	-	-	-
	V3CA8060-01 to -06	60	50	15	40	80	80	50	30	12	30	60	50	30	20	5	20	40	40
	V3CA8080-01 to -06	75	75	50	40	25	25	50	50	35	30	15	14	25	25	20	15	12	10
compression	V3CA8090-01 to -06	100	75	50	50	100	100	100	75	50	35	100	75	50	30	30	25	50	50
at 45°	V3CA8100-01 to -06	200	150	100	50	200	70	200	150	100	50	150	50	120	75	70	40	100	40
	V3CA8110-01 to -06	400	350	300	300	180	100	300	200	300	250	180	75	250	200	200	180	100	50
	V3CA8120-01 to -04	600	500	400	400	-	-	600	500	400	400	-	-	500	500	400	400	-	-
	V3CA8130-01 to -03	800	800	800	-	-	-	800	600	600	-	-	-	600	500	500	-	-	-
	V3CA8140-01 to -02	1200	1200	-	-	-	-	1200	900	-	-	-	-	700	700	-	-	-	-

#### - Operating temperature:

 $-180^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 300^{\circ}C.$ 

#### - Electrical resistance:

with conducting coating < 210°  $\Omega_{\cdot\cdot}$ 

#### - Environment:

The material used are unaffected by harsh environments.

#### - Vibration transmission coefficient curves:

For perfectly free system.



The bars can be supplied with smooth, threaded or countersunk holes. Several combinations are possible:

		Bar 1						
		Smooth holes: L	Threaded holes: N	Countersunk holes: F				
	Smooth holes: L	LL	NL	FL				
Bar 2	Threaded holes: N	LN	NN	FN				
	Countersunk holes: F	LF	NF	FF				

Codification example: V3CA8010-01 LL

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# OTHER METAL SUSPENSIONS

### MV801 MV803

#### DESCRIPTION

MV801 and MV803 has a stainless steel wire mesh cushion and spring attached to aluminium alloy upper and lower cup with threaded centre holes.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Isolation of low speed stationary rotating machines (fans, electric motors, pumps ...) sensitive equipments (measuring instruments, laboratory equipment ...).

#### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

Reference	Axial static load daN
MV801-1CC MV801-2CC MV801-3CC MV801-4CC MV801-5CC MV801-6CC MV801-8CC MV801-8CC MV801-9CC MV801-10CC MV801-11CC MV801-12CC MV801-13CC	$\begin{array}{c} 0.15 - 0.20\\ 0.20 - 0.25\\ 0.25 - 0.30\\ 0.30 - 0.40\\ 0.40 - 0.50\\ 0.50 - 0.65\\ 0.60 - 0.80\\ 0.75 - 1.00\\ 0.95 - 1.20\\ 1.20 - 1.65\\ 1.50 - 2.00\\ 1.80 - 2.50\\ 2.40 - 3.20\\ \end{array}$
MV803-1CC MV803-2CC MV803-3CC MV803-4CC MV803-5CC MV803-6CC MV803-8CC MV803-8CC MV803-9CC MV803-10CC MV803-11CC MV803-12CC MV803-13CC	$\begin{array}{c} 1.20 - 1.65\\ 1.50 - 2.00\\ 1.80 - 2.50\\ 2.40 - 3.20\\ 3.00 - 4.00\\ 3.70 - 5.00\\ 4.80 - 6.50\\ 6.00 - 8.00\\ 7.50 - 10.00\\ 9.50 - 13.00\\ 12.00 - 16.50\\ 15.00 - 20.00\\ 18.00 - 25.00\end{array}$

Reference	Н	ØC	ØD	G	h
Reference	mm	mm	бD	mm	mm
MV801	42	26	M4	6	25
MV803	55	40.2	M5	8	34

- Natural frequencies :

- axial
  radial
  5 to 10 Hz depending on load.
- Amplification factor at resonance <5.
- Structural strength corresponds to continuous acceleration of 2 g with maximum load.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.
- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :

 $MV801 : \pm 0.7 \text{ mm.}$ 

MV803 : ± 1 mm.



5

# V1N303 V1N304 V1N305 V1N306 V1N308

#### DESCRIPTION

A single acting telescopic anti-vibration manufactured with a helicoil spring and stainless steel woven cushion. Protection, paint.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Isolation of exhaust stucking and pipework.





- Natural frequencies for this amplitude :
  - axial : 3.5 to 5 Hz depending on load.
- Structural strength corresponds to continuous acceleration of 3 g with maximum load.
- Operating temperature : 70°C to + 150°C.
  Displacement in all directions : ± 40 mm.
- Adjustment between attachment points :  $\pm$  20 mm.

Reference	Static load in traction daN	Ø of pipes 3 m long (for information only)
V1N303 V1N304 V1N305 V1N306 V1N308	45 - 85 75 - 140 120 - 230 200 - 380 270 - 500	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$

Reference	A mm	B mm	ØC mm	ØD	H mm	J mm	K mm	h mm
V1N303 V1N304 V1N305 V1N306 V1N308	40 40 45 45 45 45	135 155 175 200 220	63 63 82 82 82 82	M12 M12 M16 M16 M16	210 230 257 282 302	30 30 30 30 30 30	6 6 8 8 8	35 35 40 40 40



### V1209

#### DESCRIPTION

Part of a series of very low frequency isolators working in compression only, giving very efficient isolation for rotating machines running at 250 rpm and above.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Rotating machines, hoppers and sensitive equipment with or without the use of inertia blocks.

### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

#### TYPE A TYPE B



- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  3 mm.
- Natural frequencies for this amplitude :
- axial
  radial
  1.5 to 3.5 Hz depending on load.
- Amplification factor at resonance : <5.
- Structural strength corresponds to continuous acceleration of 2 g with maximum load.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$  C.



With lower mounting plate	With lower and upper mounting plate	Static axial load daN
V1209-01A	V1209-01B	60 - 95
V1209-03A	V1209-03B	95 - 150
V1209-05A	V1209-05B	150 - 230
V1209-07A	V1209-07B	210 - 330
V1209-09A	V1209-09B	300 - 460

#### DESCRIPTION

Part of a series of very low frequency isolators working in compression only, giving very efficient isolation for rotating machines running at 250 rpm and above.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Rotating machines, hoppers and sensitive equipment with or without the use of inertia blocks.



- Maximum permitted excitation at natural frequency of suspension :  $\pm$  3 mm.
- Natural frequencies for this amplitude :
  - axial
    radial
    1.5 to 3.5 Hz depending on load.
- Amplification factor at resonance < 5.
- Structural strength corresponds to continuous acceleration of 2 g with maximum load.
- Operating temperature :  $70^{\circ}$ C to +  $300^{\circ}$ C.



Reference	Static axial load daN
V1210-51	460 - 740
V1210-52	550 - 870
V1210-53	700 - 1100
V1210-54	1000 - 1600
V1210-55	1300 - 1960

### V1B-5984-01 V1B-5984-11

#### DESCRIPTION



The assembly comprises :

- two metal cushions ;
- a threaded centre axis ;
- a nut ;
- two flat washers ;
- two Belleville washers.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Mountings for transformers with a locking system for use in transit.

### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**



#### ENLARGEMENT POINT A



- Natural frequencies :

- axial
  radial
  10 to 15 Hz depeding on load.
- Attenuation 100 Hz >90% .
- Good resistance to oil.
- Electrically conductive.

Reference	Static load daN	Locking torque in N.m (for use when transformer in transit)	Ø A mm
V1B-5984-01	930	90	65 75
V1B-5984-11	1500	100	75

Torque when transformer in use for both types = 0 N.m.



Locked position

during transit



Unlocked position transformer in use



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KT45	32	V1B1114	55	100110110	02 00	VE101	60
KT46	32	V1B1115	55	V3CNCH682-A05	21	VE111	60
	02	V1B1116	55	10011010021100	~ 1	VE112	60
MC345-A02	21	VIDIIIO	00	V3CNVI034-A06	21	VE113	60
11100101102	~ 1	V1B1134	55-56	1001110011100	~ 1	, LITO	00
MV801	63	V1B1135	55-56	V3CNVI653-A02	21	VI168-B	21
MV803	63	V1B1136	55-56	100111000 1102	~ 1	V1100 D	~1
111 0000	00	VIDIIOO	00 00	V3CNVJ006-A06	21	VI700-A06	21 & 28
PDM-1000-01	36	V1B-5984-01	68	10011100001100	~ 1	VI700-B06	21 & 28
PDM-2000-01	36	V1B-5984-11	68	V3CNVJ044-A05	21	VI786-A06	21 & 27
1 Divi 2000 01	00	110 0001 11	00	V3CNVJ102-A05	21	1100 1100	21 0 21
SP539-882	39	V1H5023	51	1001111102 1100	~ 1	VI771-B02	21
SP539-883	39	V1H5025	51	V3CNVJ121-A06	30	VI830-B06	21
51 000 000	00	1110020	01	V3CNVJ122-A06	30	VI996-A02	21
SP539-887	39	V1H-6000	53	V3CNVJ123-A06	30	1000 1102	21
SP539-888	39	V1H-6100	53	100111120 1100	00	VJ148-A05	21
51 555 660	00	V 111 0100	00	V43	32-33	VJ110/100	21
SP550W	37	V1H751	49	V43 V44	32-33	VJ149-A06	21
SP551W	37	V1H752	49	V45	32-33	VJ14J-A00	~ 1
SP552W	37	v 111/06	40	V45 V46	32-33	VJ164-A05	21
SP553W	37	V1N303	65	Urv	52-55	V1104-U00	<i>μ</i> 1
SP560W	37	V1N303 V1N304	65	V47	35		
51 300 11	57	4 111004	00	V I V	55		

### **OTHER PAULSTRA DOCUMENTATION**

Available upon request



FLEXIBLE MOUNTINGS CATALOG



FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS CATALOG



FLEXIBLE BUSHES CATALOG



AEROSPACE AND DEFENCE CATALOG



RAILWAY CATALOG



OFFSHORE CATALOG



POWER GENERATION CATALOG



MARINE / NAVY CATALOG



INDUSTRIAL VEHICLES CATALOG

